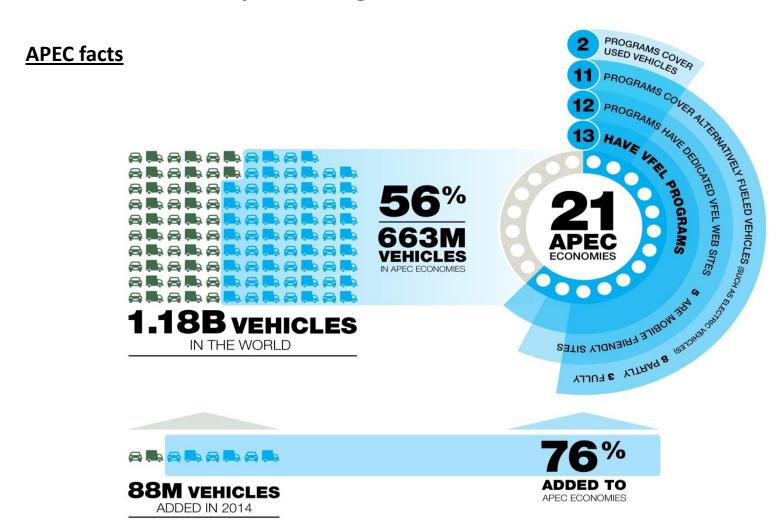
Project background

- Transport accounts for large share of energy use and GHG emissions in APEC economies
 → significant potential to reduce energy intensity and emissions
- Improving fuel efficiency of vehicles can help realise this potential
- Several APEC economies have vehicle fuel efficiency labelling (VFEL) schemes to promote the uptake of fuel efficient vehicles through influencing purchase behaviour

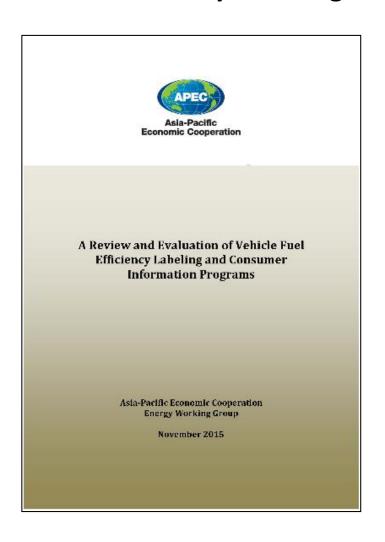
Project summary

- Research approach:
 - Desk-research on VFEL literature and regulations.
 - Survey of VFEL experts in the different economies.
 - Expert workshop.
- Key output
 - project report and best practice guide to assist practitioners in the development and review of VFEL schemes and promote alignment with other schemes in the region



Findings

- Identified 16 best practice components, examples:
 - Design a program that covers all new and used light-duty vehicles with all fuel types.
 - Make information for alternative fuel vehicles comparable to conventional vehicles, such as gasoline equivalent fuel efficiency, CO₂ emission, running cost, and financial information.
 - Establish a user-friendly VFEL website providing additional services beyond the fixed information on the label.
- All economies are doing well on at least a few components, but all economies have potential for further improvement.
- Common gaps include
 - the lack of a world-wide standard test vs real-world validation,
 - coverage of vehicles with advanced technologies (eg electric vehicles);
 - and lack of monitoring and/or periodical assessments once the programs are established



<u>Link to Report on APEC</u>
 EWG website



Potential APEC actions (at working group level)

The Energy Working Group (and its sub-fora) should (in cooperation with the Transportation Working Group and Subcommittee on Standards and Conformance where relevant):

- Promote the establishment of a network of practitioners to enable ongoing informationsharing on VFEL programs
- Promote regional coordination and share information on test procedures, methods to align results from different test cycles, test data (e.g. to create national fuel consumption databases).
- Track adoption of, and progress under, VFEL programs across the APEC region annually, and provide a 'progress report' in 5 years. Potentially incorporate into an existing, and broader, initiative: the APEC's Peer Review on Energy Efficiency (PREE) initiative led by the Asia-Pacific Energy Research Center (APERC).